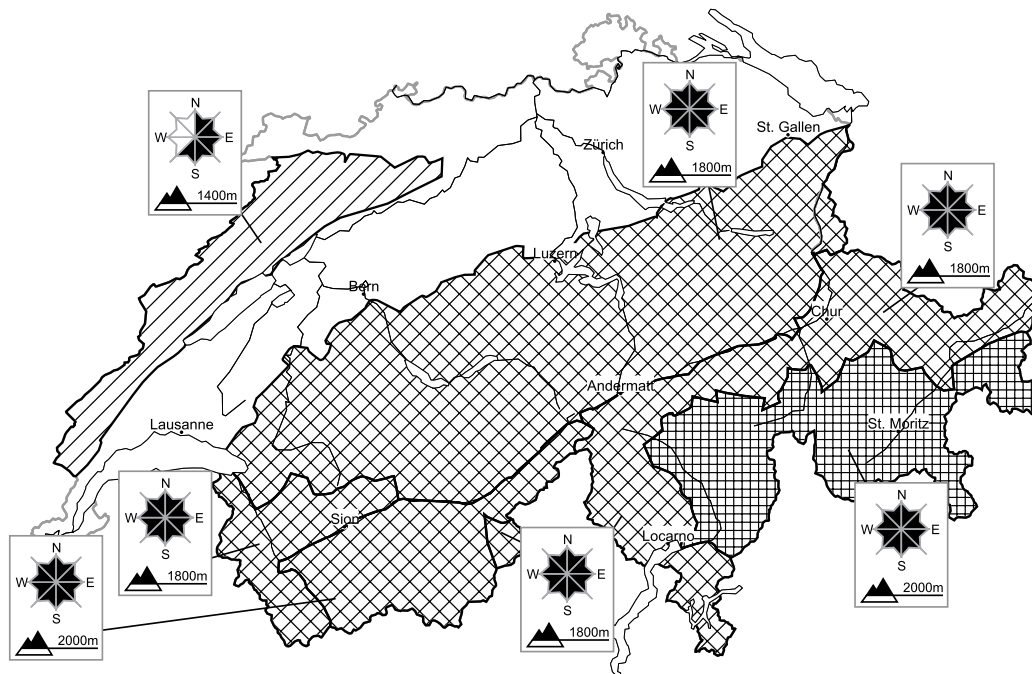


# In the southeast a high avalanche danger will be encountered in some regions

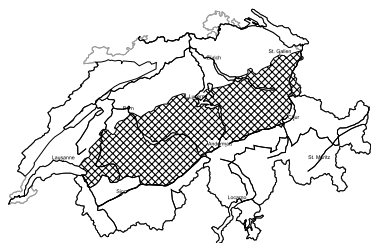
Edition: 12.12.2017, 08:00 / Next update: 12.12.2017, 17:00

## Avalanche danger



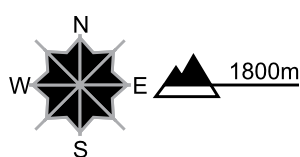
### region E

### Level 3, considerable



#### Fresh snow and snow drifts

##### Avalanche prone locations



##### Danger description

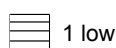
Fresh and somewhat older snow drift accumulations are in some cases prone to triggering. Single winter sport participants can release avalanches, including dangerously large ones. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

#### Wet and full-depth avalanches

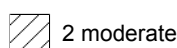
Mostly small full-depth avalanches are possible on steep grassy slopes. This applies in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2400 m as well as on north facing slopes below approximately 2000 m. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

As the temperature drops there will be a gradual decrease in the danger of wet avalanches. Only isolated wet snow slides and avalanches are possible below approximately 2000 m.

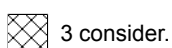
#### Danger levels



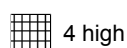
1 low



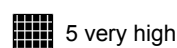
2 moderate



3 consider.



4 high



5 very high

