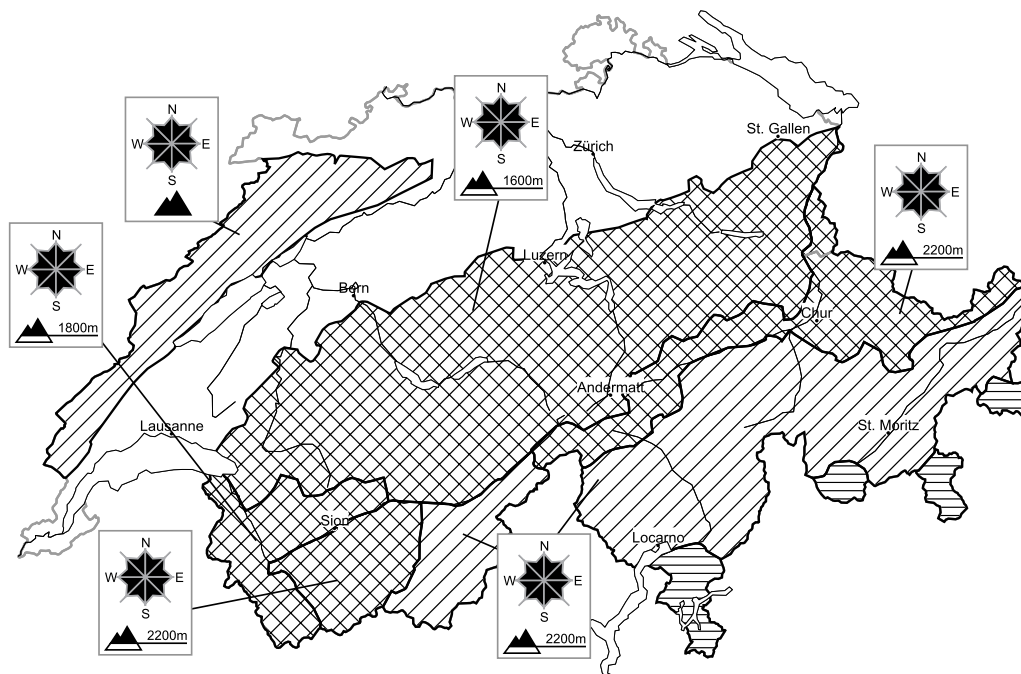


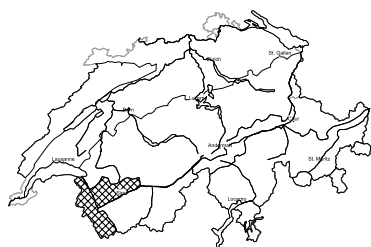
# Increase in avalanche danger as the day progresses

Edition: 9.12.2017, 17:00 / Next update: 10.12.2017, 08:00

## Avalanche danger

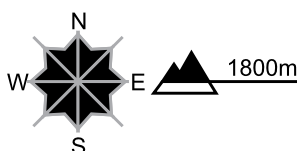


**region A** **Level 3, considerable**



### Fresh snow and snow drifts, old snow

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### Danger description

The sometimes storm force wind will transport the fresh snow significantly. The fresh snow drift accumulations are prone to triggering. Single winter sport participants can release avalanches easily. They can in some cases penetrate deep layers and reach medium size. Natural avalanches are possible. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

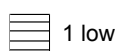
The number and size of avalanche prone locations will increase as the day progresses. Until the evening danger level 4 (high) will be reached. Exposed parts of transportation routes can be endangered.

### Wet and full-depth avalanches

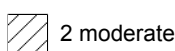
Mostly small full-depth avalanches are possible on steep grassy slopes. This applies in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2400 m as well as on north facing slopes below approximately 2000 m. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

Below approximately 1800 m wet snow slides are to be expected.

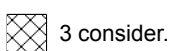
**Danger levels**



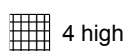
1 low



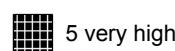
2 moderate



3 consider.



4 high



5 very high

